



liten
cea tech

BIFACIAL MODULE MEASUREMENTS WITH G_E METHOD

BIFIPV workshop, Konstanz 25-26/10/2017

L. Peyrot, G. Razongles, L. Sicot, M. Joanny, B. Hladys, P. Lefillastre and CEA team at INES



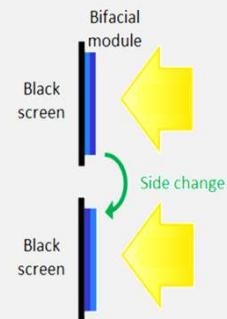
FREE DISTRIBUTION

maryline.joanny@cea.fr | bifi PV workshop 2017.10.26 Konstanz

INTRODUCTION

- Possible I-V measurement methods:

IEC 60904-1-2: Measurement of current-voltage characteristics of **bifacial** photovoltaic devices

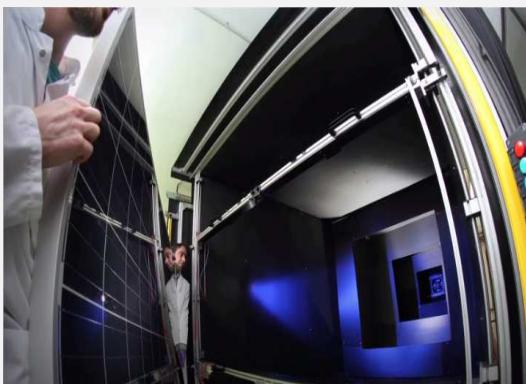


G_E method

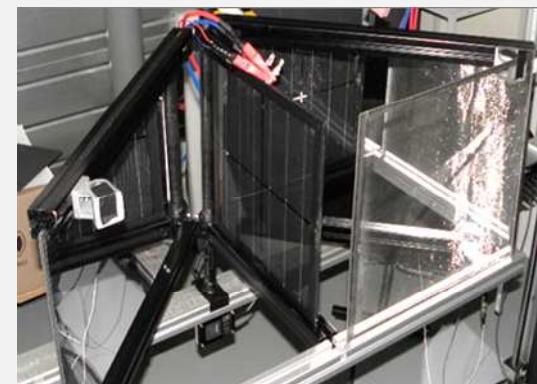
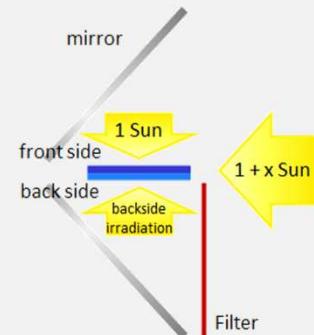
$$G_{E_i} = 1000 \text{ W.m}^{-2} + \varphi \cdot G_{R_i}$$

$$\varphi = \text{Min}(\varphi_{I_{SC}}, \varphi_{P_{max}})$$

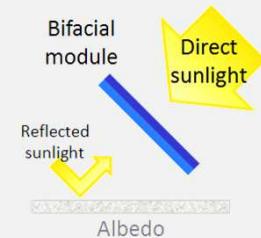
[See talk V.Fakhfouri]



Indoor bifacial



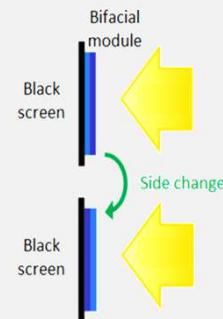
Outdoor
bifacial or G_E



Goal of the study: compare G_E with bifacial indoor and outdoor methods

1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

IEC 60904-1-2: Measurement of current-voltage characteristics of **bifacial** photovoltaic devices

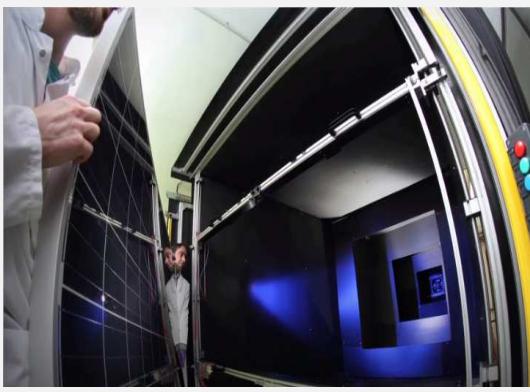


G_E method

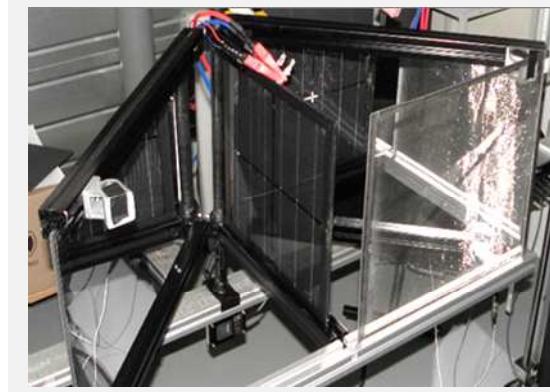
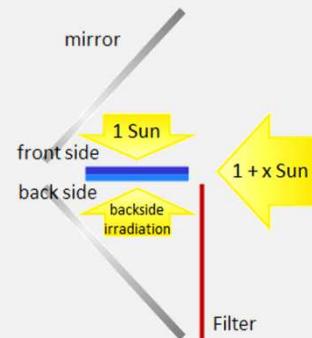
$$G_{E_i} = 1000 \text{ W.m}^{-2} + \varphi \cdot G_{R_i}$$

$$\varphi = \text{Min}(\varphi_{I_{SC}}, \varphi_{P_{max}})$$

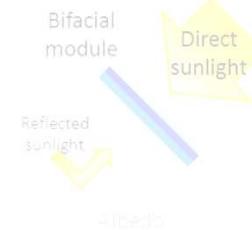
[See talk V.Fakhfouri]



Indoor bifacial



Outdoor
bifacial or G_E



1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

- Mini-module tested:

3 bus bars

3 bus bars - ½ cell

5 bus bars

5 bus bars - ½ cell

full cell 3 BB



half cell 3 BB



full cell 5 BB



half cell 5 BB

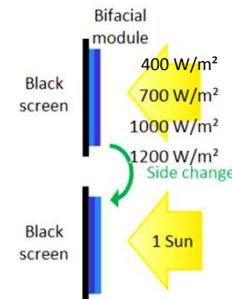


- n-type bifacial cells 156 mm pseudo square (INES PERT technology, 93% bifacial)
- encapsulant EVA UV clear
- glass-transparent backsheet structure 36 cm x 36 cm x 3 mm
- **2 modules of each architecture manufactured and measured**

1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

- Measurements:

- 1 Front side measurement at 400, 700, 1000 and 1200 W/m²



- 2 Back side measurement

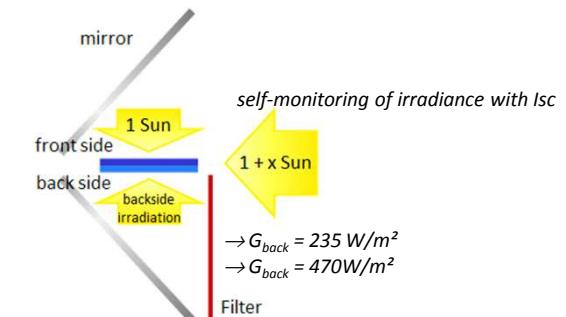
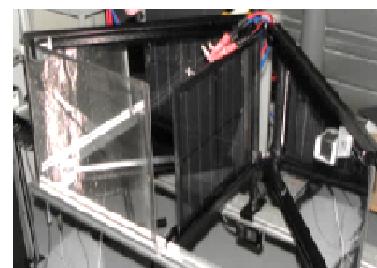


- 3 G_E method

IEC 60904-1-2: Measurement of current-voltage characteristics of **bifacial** photovoltaic devices

[See talk V.Fakhfouri]

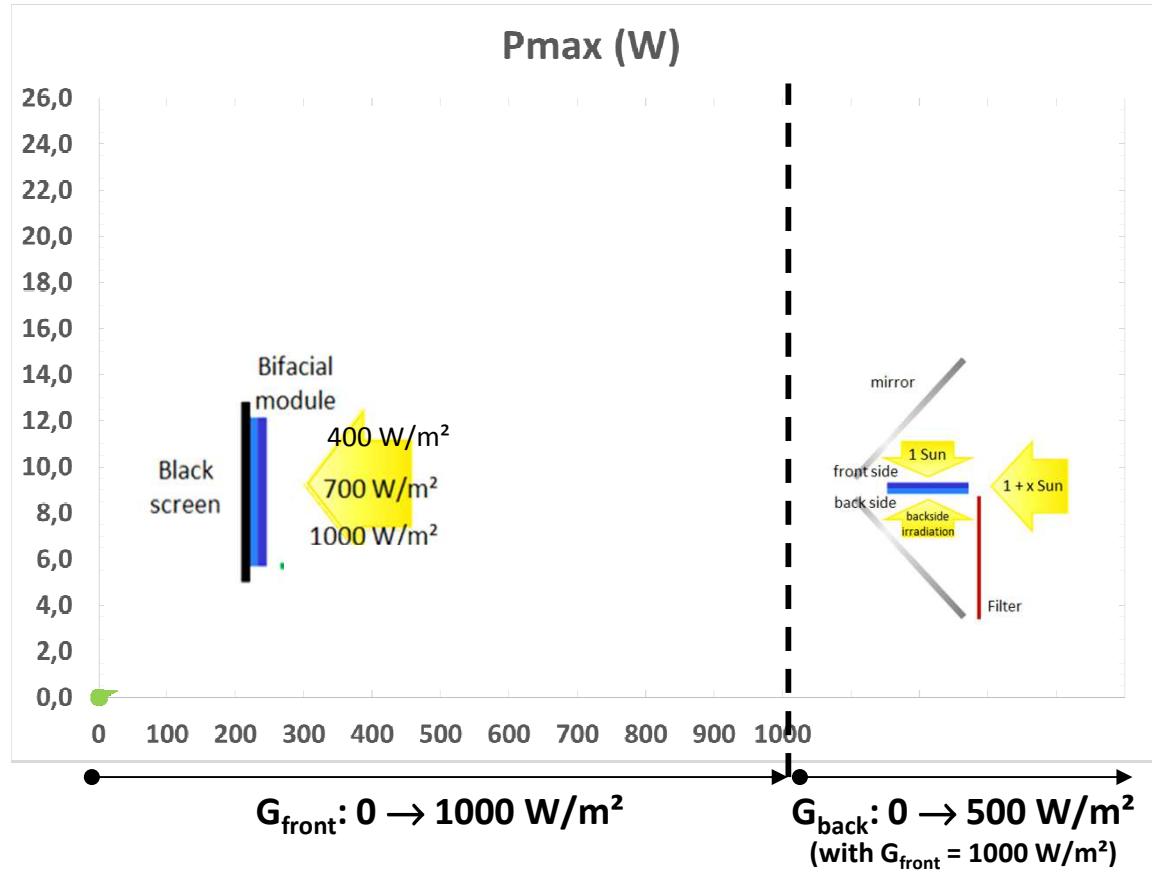
- 4 Indoor bifacial measurement



1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

- Results:

[M. Joanny et al, BifiPV Wokshop 2016 (September 2016, Miyazaki, Japan)]



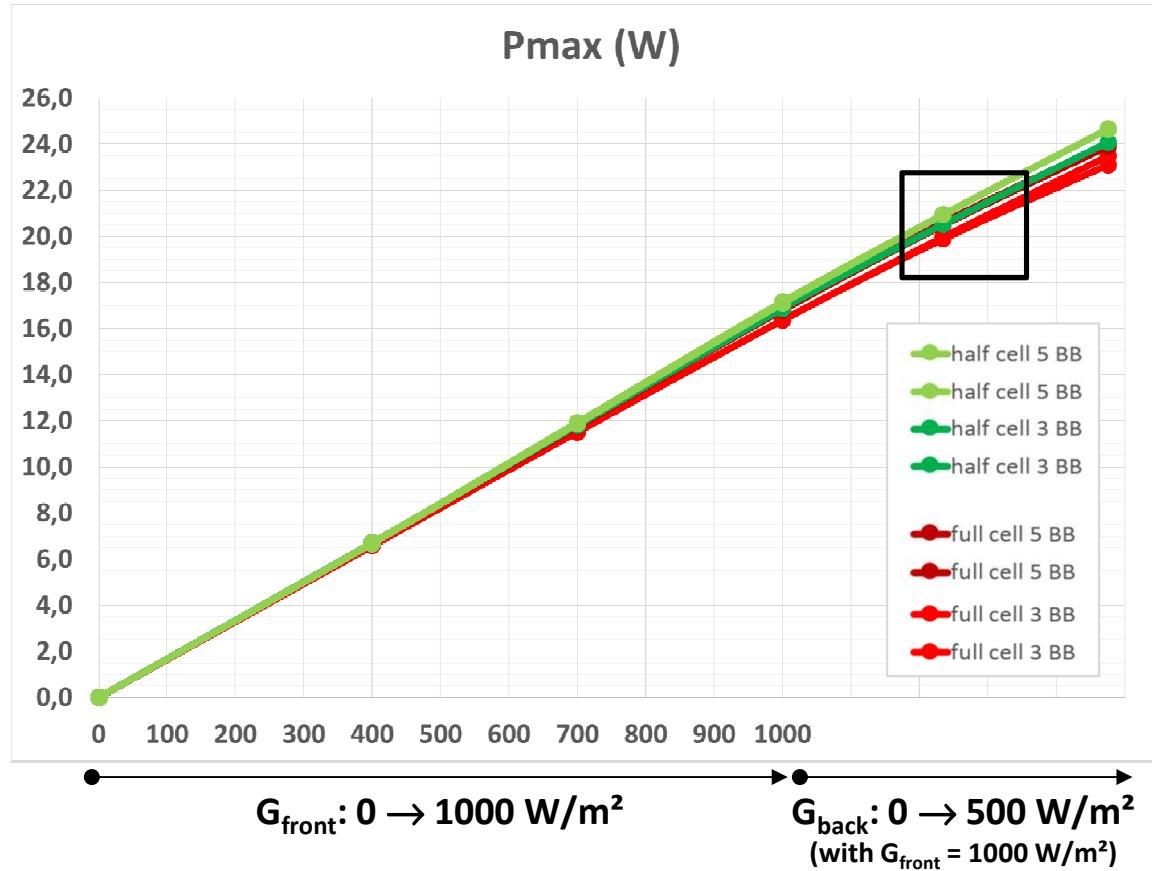
Front side measurement Bifacial measurement

FREE DISTRIBUTION

1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

- Results:

[M. Joanny et al, BifiPV Wokshop 2016 (September 2016, Miyazaki, Japan)]



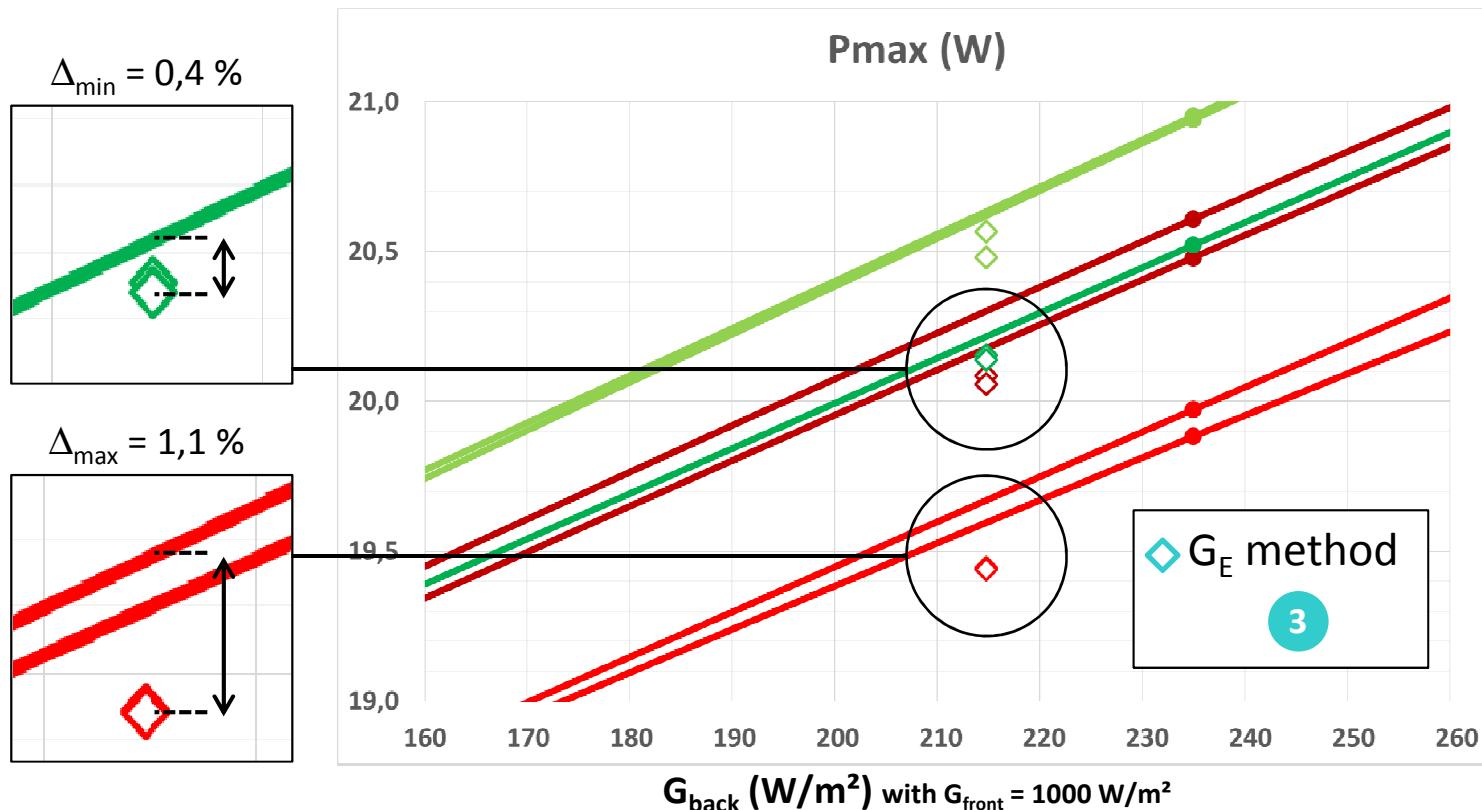
Front side measurement Bifacial measurement

FREE DISTRIBUTION

1) INDOOR G_E VERSUS INDOOR BIFACIAL

- Results:

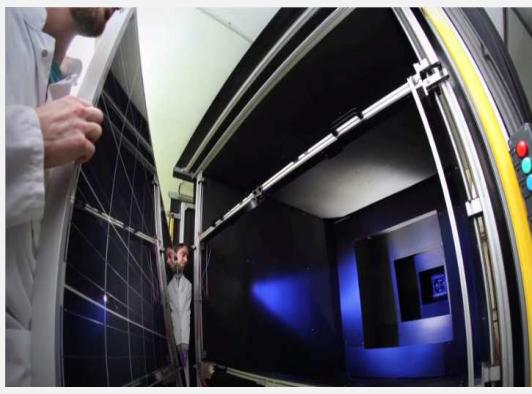
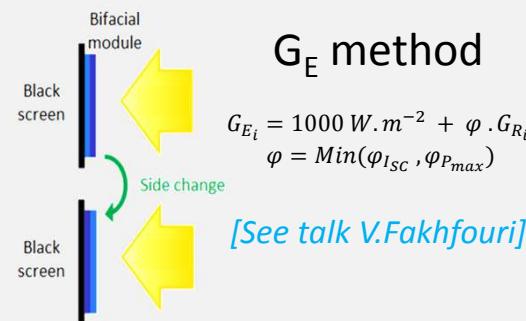
[M. Joanny et al, BifiPV Wokshop 2016 (September 2016, Miyazaki, Japan)]



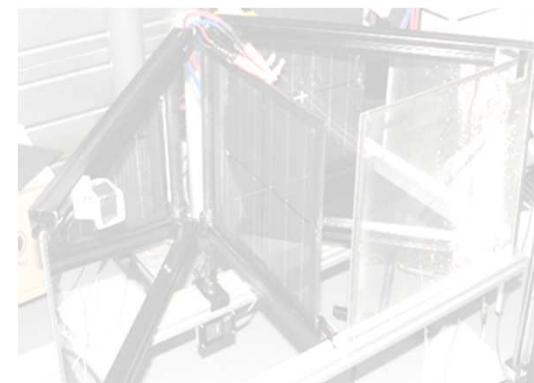
Δ Indoor G_E vs indoor bifacial = 1,1% max

2) INDOOR G_E VS OUTDOOR BIFACIAL MEASURE

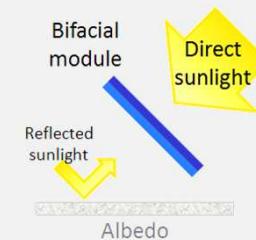
IEC 60904-1-2: Measurement of current-voltage characteristics of **bifacial** photovoltaic devices



Indoor bifacial



Outdoor
bifacial or G_E

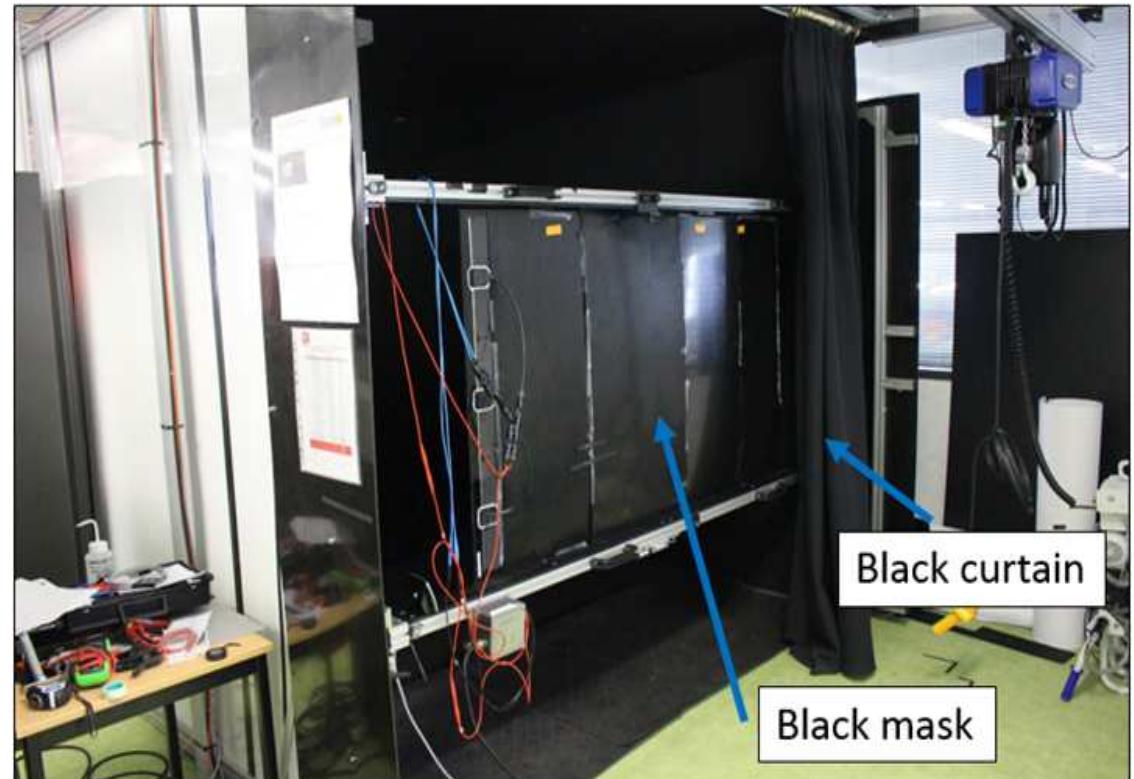


2) INDOOR G_E VS OUTDOOR BIFACIAL MEASURE

- Measurements: indoor G_E

- HET-type bifacial SWCT modules (Meyer-Burger) :

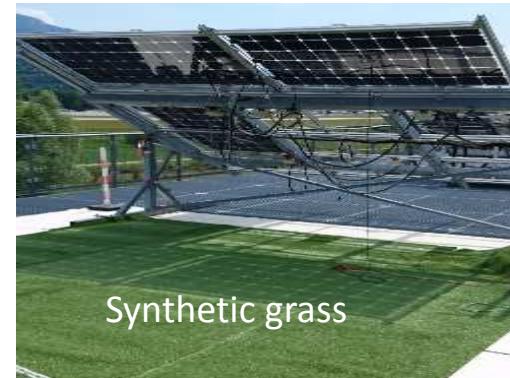
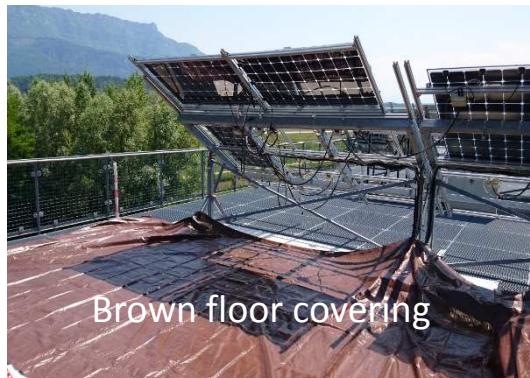
- glass-glass structure
- 60 cells module
- **2 modules (A and B) measured**



2) INDOOR G_E VS OUTDOOR BIFACIAL MEASURE

- Measurements: bifacial outdoor

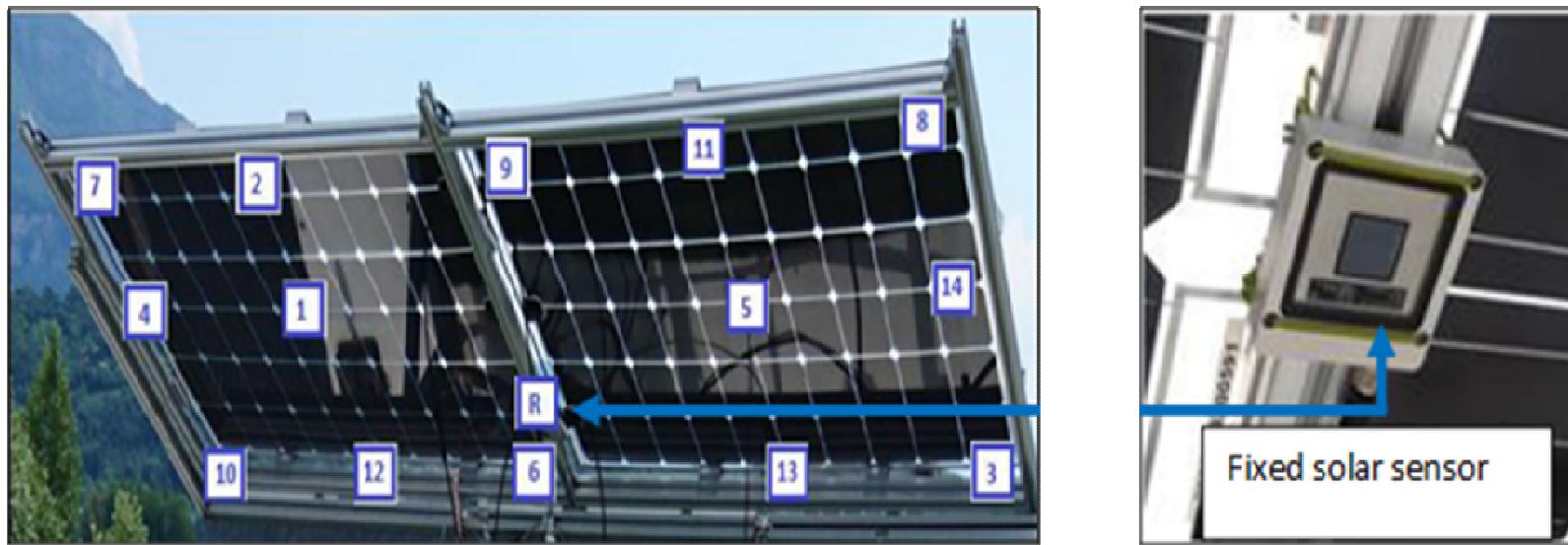
- a. 1 kW/m² or corrected to 1 kW/m² on the exposed side
 - i. Set up of the 2 modules, measurement of Isc_r for first module (back side on top) and Isc_f for second module (front side on top)
 - ii. Flip over of both modules, measurement of Isc_f for the first module and Isc_r for the second module
- b. Determination of φ_{min} (Isc, Pmax) among φ Isc = Isc_r / Isc_f and φ Pmax = Pmax_r / Pmax_f.
- c. Flip over of the second module (both modules with front side on top), then:
 - i. Pmax = f (G_R) plot
 - ii. measurement of backside irradiance
- d. Pmax_{BiFi10} and Pmax_{BiFi20} reporting (either measured values at step c. or interpolated).



2) INDOOR G_E VS OUTDOOR BIFACIAL MEASURE

- Measurements: bifacial outdoor

Positions of the fixed reference cell (R) and of the 14 points measured by a mobile irradiance sensor for back side irradiance inhomogeneity analysis:



Covering floor color	White	Brown	Green
Inhomogeneity min [1-((average- σ)/average)]	7,3%	13,2%	18,0%
Inhomogeneity max [(max-min)/(max+min)]	11,2%	21,8%	29,7%

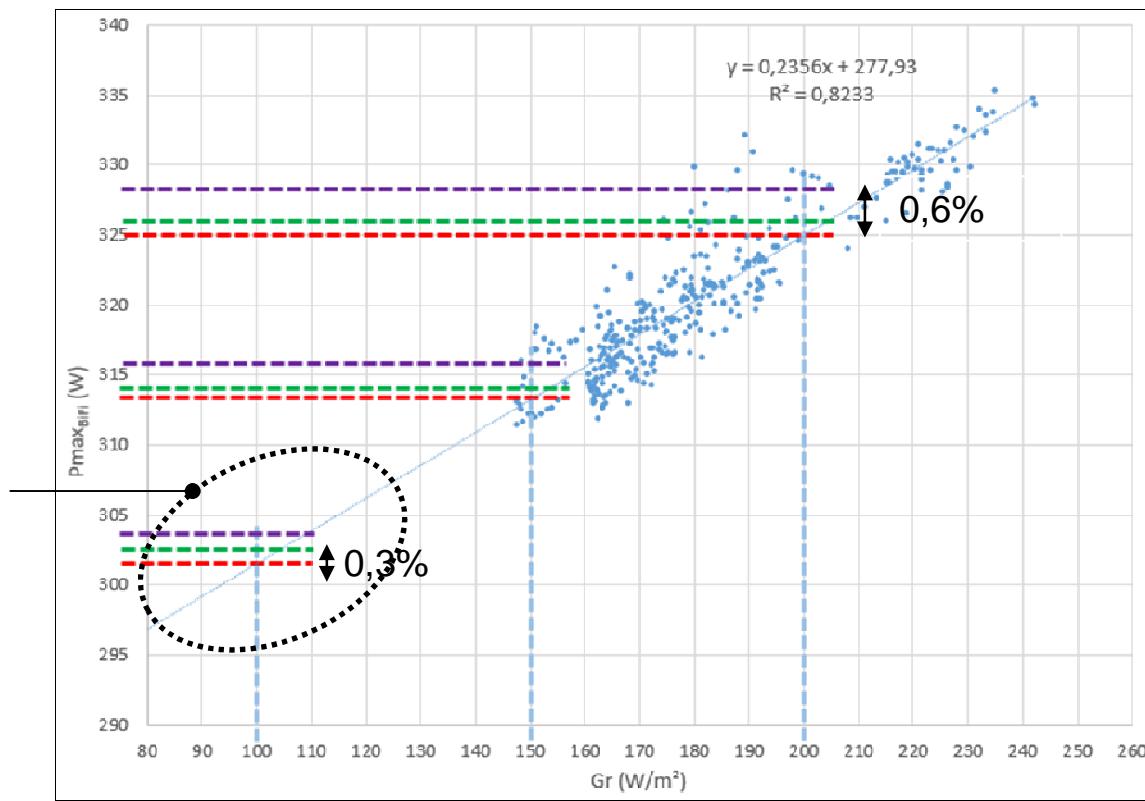
Inhomogeneity values are > 5%. Choice of the white floor (lowest inhomogeneity) for the study.

2) INDOOR G_E VS OUTDOOR BIFACIAL MEASURE

- Results:

- Real outdoor measurements (in taken into account of illumination inhomogeneities)
- GE calculated from φP_{max}
- GE calculated from φlsc

No data available because the white floor covering brings $Gr > 100 W/m^2$

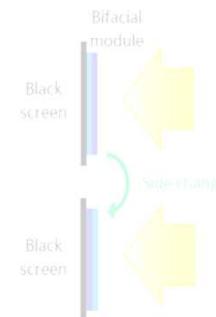


Variations of the $P_{maxBiFi}, i$ as a function of the back illumination (GR, i) for the module B

Δ indoor G_E vs bifacial outdoor = 0,3% to 0,6% max (for φP_{max} and φlsc resp.) for module B
= 0,4% to 0,6% max (for φP_{max} and φlsc resp.) for module A

3) OUTDOOR G_E VERSUS BIFACIAL OUTDOOR

IEC 60904-1-2: Measurement of current-voltage characteristics of bifacial photovoltaic devices



G_E method

$$G_{E_t} = 1000 \text{ W.m}^{-2} + \varphi \cdot G_{R_t}$$

$$\varphi = \text{Min}(\varphi_{Isc}, \varphi_{P_{max}})$$

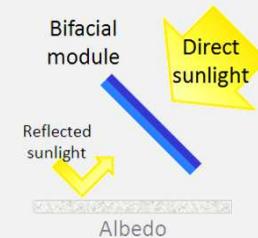
[See talk V.Fakhfouri]



Indoor bifacial



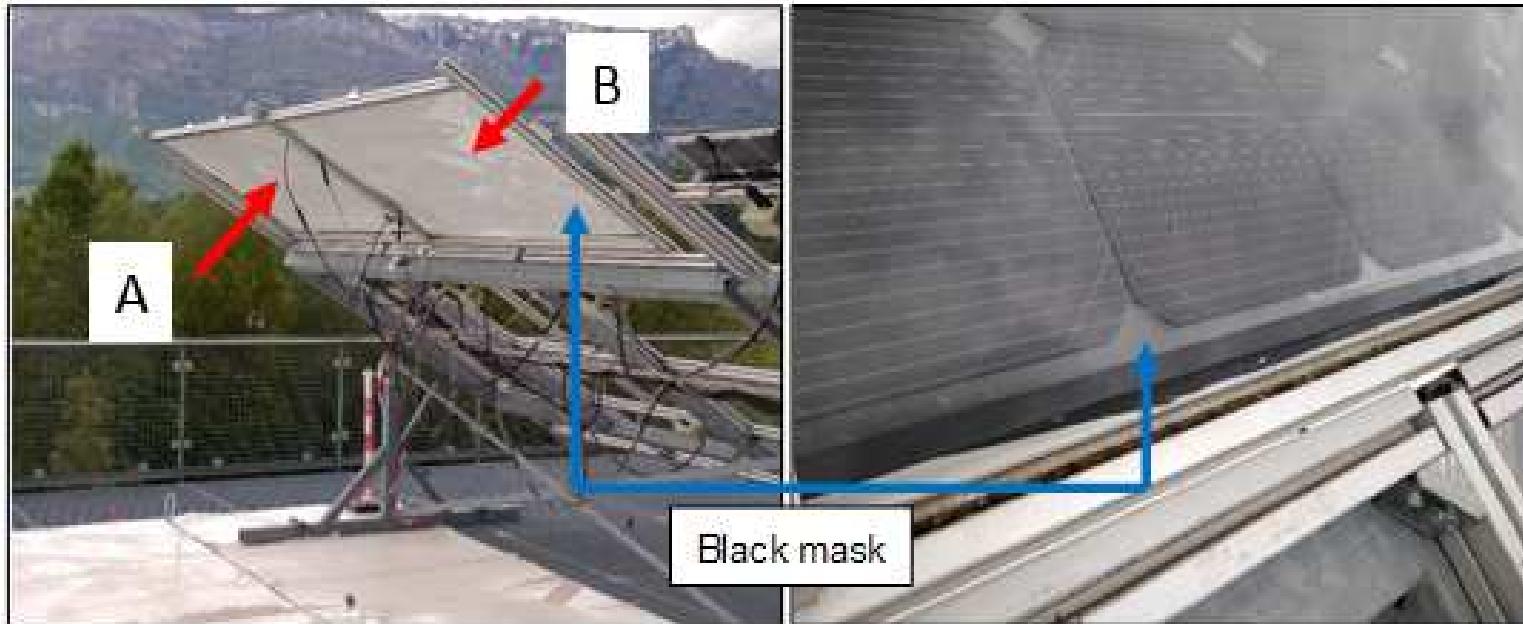
Outdoor
bifacial or G_E



3) OUTDOOR G_E VERSUS BIFACIAL OUTDOOR

- Measurements:

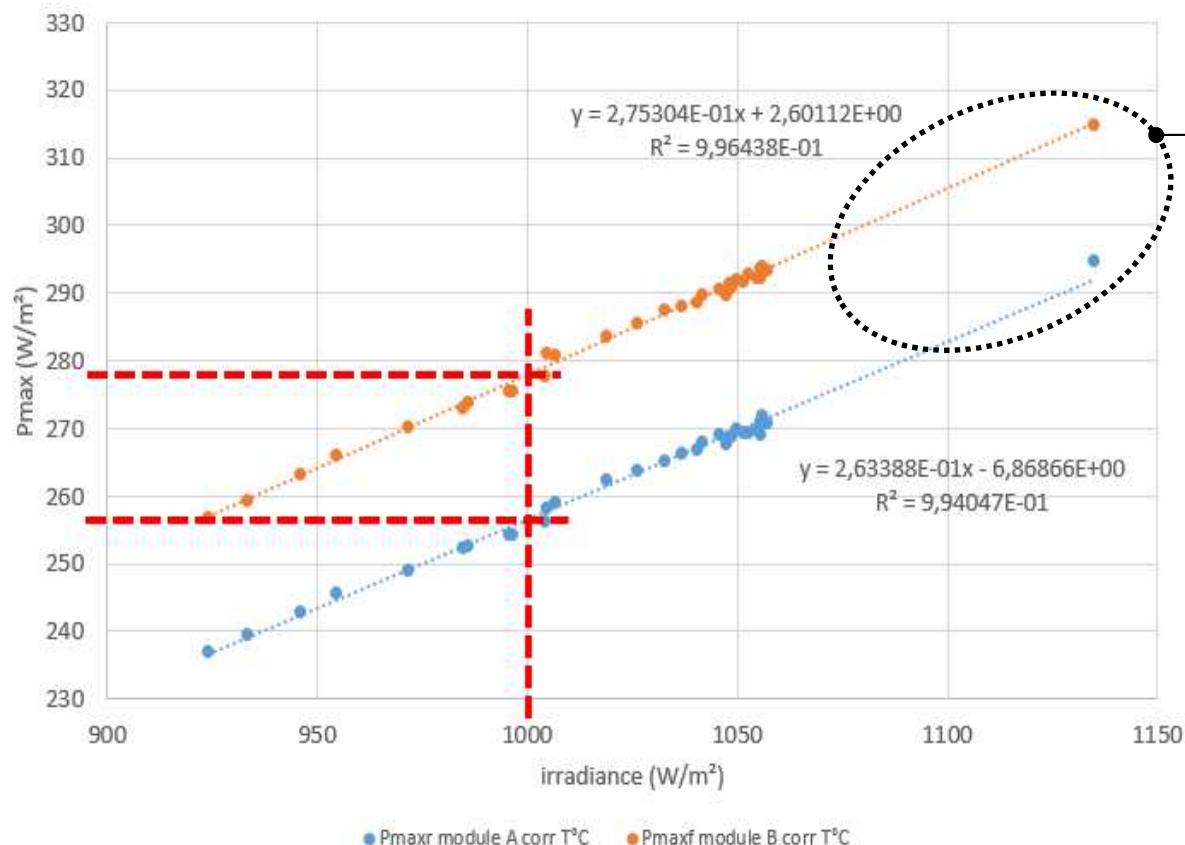
I-V outdoor with black cover on the backside:



$$G_{E_i} = 1000 \text{ W.m}^{-2} + \varphi \cdot G_{R_i}$$
$$\varphi = \text{Min}(\varphi_{I_{SC}}, \varphi_{P_{max}})$$

3) OUTDOOR G_E VERSUS BIFACIAL OUTDOOR

- **Results** (Front side module B and backside module A exposed to the sun)

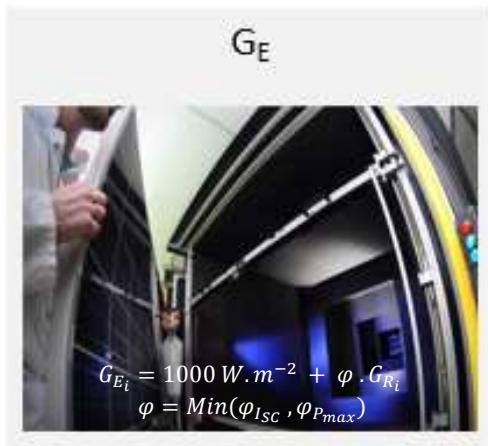


Very few data available because outdoor irradiance is usually < 1200 W/m²

Δ outdoor G_E vs bifacial outdoor = from 0,3% to 2,5%

CONCLUSION OF THIS STUDY

- Outdoor bifacial:
 - PmaxBiFi10 and PmaxBiFi20 cannot be measured with the same outdoor setup (using for instance brown floor and white floor respectively)
- Outdoor G_E :
 - natural irradiance hardly reach 1200 W/m² front side
- Indoor G_E :
 - indoor G_E method characterizes with 1% max. divergence the bifacial PV module performances versus indoor double side illumination and outdoor natural exposition conditions
 - in the proposed G_E equation, φP_{max} parameter gives closer results than φI_{sc}





liten
cea tech

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



FREE DISTRIBUTION

FREE DISTRIBUTION: This document may be distributed to other third parties as the contractors. It must be distributed unchanged and in its entirety and include the issuer's attribution and credit. This corresponds to the type of licence  defined by <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/>. However, recipients are requested to exercise sound judgement when redistributing the document.